STAUBS THEATRE

Thursday, Oct. 10; Friday, Oct. 11; Saturday, Oct. 12; Three Days and Nigh.s: 2.30 p. m. and 8.15 p. m.

HEARTS OF THE WORLD

D. W. GRIFFITH'S GREAT PICTURE. SWEETEST LOVE STORY EVER TOLD

A Romance of the Great War. Battle Scenes on the Battle Fields of France.

Special Symphony Orchestra of 20. Taken by Co-operation

of British and French Governments.

TO HETTIE HOLDEN

W. Jack Holden vs. Hettie Holden

the same will be taken for confessed

J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master

four successive weeks. This 3rd day of October 1918

R. A. Mynatt, Sol. Oct. 5 12 19 26 1918

Fonzo Tuggle vs. Mary Tuggle State of Tennessee In Chancer

Court of Knox County, No. 16297

In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant Mary Tuggle is a non resident of the State of Tennessee

so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her it is ordered

that said defendant appear before

the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee on or before the tat

Monday of Novembernext and make

four successive weeks

This 3rd day of October 1918

J. C. FORD, Clerk & Master

Geo. Reavis, Sol. October 5 12 19 26 1918

TO LOUISE W. FORMWALT

Herbert C. Formwalt vs. Louise W.

pendent for four successive weeks

J. C. FORD, Clerk & M

Green. & Webb Sols

This 3rd day of October 1918

I. O. MANSON ! ALL UNKNOWN

DESCENDANTS AND HEIRS AT LAW

IF ANY OF FLORENCE MANSON.

DECEASED FORMERLY FLORENCE

RIED WOMAN, BUT THE NAME OF

THE COMPLAINANTS, AND OTHER

DESCENDANTS AND HEIRS AT LAW

IF ANY, OF SUSAN MATHES DECEAS

ED. FORMERLY SUSAN McCLELLAN

FORMERLY SUSAN WEBB, AND ANV

AND ALL OTHER DESCENDANTS

AND HEIRS AT LAW WHOSE NAMES

AND ADDRESSES ARE UNKNOWN

TO THE COMPLAINANTS: OF MARY

MASON, FORMERLY MARY PARMA

TIER FORMERLY MARY WEBBANT

Mary Dosser, et ai.. vs. Mary Eliza

beth McCampbell et al.

State of Tennessee In Chancery Court of Knox County, No 16225 In this cause, it appearing from the

fil filed, which is sworn to, that the

efendants J. C Manson, whose res-

idence is unknown, and all other unknown descendants and heirs at law

if any, of Florence Manson, deceased

formerly Florence Owen, formerly Flo

ence Webb, Rush Mathes, Cab Math

es, wohse resibence is unknown Ma-

mie Mathes Selby, formerly Mamie

Mathes, and Ida Mathes believed to

of whose husb nd is unknown, to the

complainants, and all other descend-

san Mathes, deceased, formerly Sus-

an McClellan, formerly Susan Webb, and any and all other descendants

and heirs at law, whose nam s and

addresses are unknown to the com-plainants, of Mary Manson, formerly Mary Parmentier, formerly Mary Webb

and Matti. A Hodge, are as above

State of Tennessee, so that the or-

dinary process cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said

defendants appear before the Chan-

cery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee,

on or before the first Monday of

said bill, or the same wi'll be taken

for confessed and the cause set for

hearing ex parte as to them. This notice will be published in the

Knoxville Independent for four

This 4th day of October 1918 J. C. FORD, C. & M.

John R. King Sol. October 5 12 19 26 1918

onsecutive weeks.

November, next, and make defense

a married woman, but tse name

and heirs at law. if anv. of Su-

MATTIE A HODGE.

ants

Oct. 5. 12 19 % 1918."

TO MARY TURGLE

SOLVING WAR LABOR PROBLEMS In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to that the defendant Het is Holden is a non

"Policies Board" Completes Government's Plan to Meet Situation.

FOLLOW STEPS OF ALLIES and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to her. This notice will be publish-KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT for

Distribution of Labor and Settling of Wages and Living Conditions in Hands of Newly Created Board.

With the organization just completed of the labor policies board, the United States government has in operation a machine for the distribution of labor and the solving of labor problems generally, comparable in scope and authority to the labor min-Istries of our allies.

It has frequently been said that this is labor's war, and the fact that without the wholesouled patriotic effort of the individual American workman this nation would be helpless against Germany is apparent.

Long before America entered the war other belligerent nations found it necessary to give the labor problem careful specialized study, that the latent power of the man behind the man behind the gun might be utilized to the fullest extent. The problems to be solved by these labor experts were gigantic.

There was, in the first place, the necessity of converting the commercial factories of the nations into war plents and training men who had, perhaps, been making kettles, in the quantity manufacture of shrapnel helmets. As more and more men were called to take their places in the trenches, the of labor shortages became ap-

illed labor had to be called upon to do the work skilled men had always done in times of peace. Even then the ranks of labor were all too thin and another step, that of calling women ex parte as to her. This notice will be published in the Knoxylle Inde into industry wholesale, was taken. At first the women worked mainly in sodrain on man power kept on, women were called upon to do the work of skilled mechanics in war plants. One by one the nonessential industries closed or were converted into strictly war plants. In 1918 there will not be manufactured in England one single pleasure automobile.

These two steps soon received two technical names, "allocation" and WEBR RUSH MATHES CAR MATH "dilution." There were, however, two ES MAMIE MATHES SELBY. FOR other matters just as important to [MERLY MAMIE MATHES, AND IDA which careful consideration has had MATHES BELIEVED TO BE A MAPto be given. WHOSE HUSBAND IS UNKNOWN TO

First was the standardization of wages in war plants. It was found that without some action of this nature, the labor "turnover," or drift of employes from one industry to another, would handicap production. Standardized wage scales for all skilled trades and common labor had therefore to be fixed by the government in order that work might proceed in all war plants on an even basis.

The other problem concerned the just treatment of workmen by their employers in such matters as good living and working conditions, as well is wages high enough to meet soaring prices and a share in war profits on the part of those who do the actual

work of production. In England and France these various problems were met by the "ministries of munitions," which had responsibility for the success of the nation's entire labor policy. In America, however, it has been thought best to leave all labor matters in the hands of the department of labor, inside which have been established three major boards charged with consideration of all the problems outlined above.

These boards, put into operation since the beginning of the year, are now fairly under way. They are the United States employment service, the Mbor policies board and the national war labor board.

The first has the problem of labor supply. Thousands of district agents, scattered all over the country, work stated and are non nosidents of the under the jurisdiction of the chairman of the state councils of defense. Men, women and boys are enrolled for every form of war service outside of the

army and navy. Next comes the labor policies board, just organized. Its primary object is the standardization of wages and of living and working conditions in the various war industries, in order to cut down the labor turnover.

During the last six years organized street car men in Chicago have received more than \$750,000 in benefits.

By UNCLE DAN

Number Two

Jimmle Collins Tells What He Saw-What Military Training Does for Boys.

"Well, here we are!" exclaimed Billie, presenting his chum, Jimmie Col-

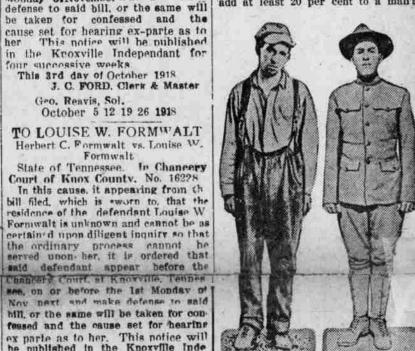
"Very glad to see you, Mr. Collins," said Uncle Dan with a smile.

"Aw," said Billie, "Just call him Jimmie. That's the only name he knows. He's the pitcher of our baseball nine, and he's some pitcher, too. Just feel of his arm." State of Tennessee. In Chancery Court of Knox County. No. 46236

"Well," said Uncle Dan, feeling, "That's a mighty good arm!" "Now, boys," said Uncle Dan, "what

do you want to talk about?" "Well," said Jimmie, "I was down to resident of the State of Tennesse that the ordinary process cannot be served upon her, it is ordered that Galesburg a few months ago when the boys came home from the Mexican border. They looked fine. Everybody defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of November was surprised to see how straight they stood and how manly they were. The boys seemed proud to wear the uninext, and make defense to sail bill, or form. I tell you their muscles were as hard as nails, I heard Banker Haskett say that the training and discipline the boys had had was exactly what every boy in the country ought to have, and that now these boys could get a better job at higher pay than they could have had before. Do you think that's so, Uncle Dan?"

Uncle Dan replied: "I have s friend who employs hundreds of young men. He always gives boys having had military training the preference he says it pays to do so. He finds they are more alert, more prompt, more courteous; they know how to carry out orders; they are quicker to think and to act than those without training. He said from his experience he believed that six or eight months of intensive military training would add at least 20 per cent to a man's



The two pictures are of the same young man. The first was taken the day he enlisted and the second after he had had five months' military training. His home is in North Carolina.

earning capacity, and that it was the best investment any young man could OWEN. FORMERLY FLORENCE make.

> "Billie, if you will go up to my room and bring my small handbag, I will let you see two photographs of the same young man, showing what only five months of intensive training on the Mexican border did for him."

> The bag was brought. Uncle Dan, showing the pictures, said: . "Well, here they are. They tell their own story and it is a mighty interesting one. The young man, before training, has a discouraged look; he has seen but little of the world. There was very little in his surroundings to bring him out. When he joined the colors and Uncle Sam took him in charge life for him took on a new meaning He saw a chance to do something and be something. He woke up. His captain says he is twice the man he was when he joined the army. This may be one of the extreme cases," said Uncle Dan. "I can tell you, though, that war or no war, no one thing will do the young men of this nation so much good in so short a time as a few months of intensive military training. It fits a man to fight his own life battles in the business world as well as

to defend his country and its flag. "Nearly every civilized country gives its boys military training. It is compulsory. It is based upon the fact that it is the duty of everyone to help defend his country; and as war is now carried on, no one can do much unless he is trained. Also, the records show that the killed and wounded among untrained troops is nearly three times as great as it is with well-trained men who know how to fight and how to protect themselves. By this plan a nation has trained men to defend her and the individual is a stronger and

better man for the training. "If the Chamberlain Bill for Milltary Training is passed by congress as it ought to be, the same thing would be done for millions of other young men throughout the land. Everybody ought to demand of his congressman and senators the passage of this

"All right, sir, exclaimed Jimmie, we will see Judge Brownell, Mr. Haskett, and Professor Slocum, and get them

Send Us Your Job Printing. We do fob printing at war prices scribe for the Knoxville Independent.

WAR TALKS WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN Number Three

How War Methods Have Changed Everybody Must Help.

"Hello, Uncle Dan, Jimmie and I have been waiting for you."

"Sorry if I have kept you long," said Uncle Dan. "Your mother has been telling me how bashful I used to be. She said if a girl spoke to me I would blush to my hair roots. Well, I reminded her of the time your father first came to see her and the joke we played on them, so I guess that will hold her for a while."

Continuing, Uncle Dan said: "You want to talk more about the war, do you? Well, war methods have undergone many changes and they are still changing. No two wars are fought alike. In early times, the weapons were stones, clubs, spears, bows and arrows, swords, etc. In this kind of warfare, victory was with the strong right arm. Men of enormous size and strength were the great warriors. The invention of gunpowder, however, has State of Tennessee, changed all this. It has enabled men to kill one another at a considerable distance, and do it wholesale. The war, as we know it now, is a combination of chemicals, machinery, mathematical calculations and highly trained submarines, armored tanks, or caterfire are all used for the first time in this war; and they are destructive beyoud anything heretofore known.

"The methods followed by the kalser and his allies are simply devilish. He must answer in history to the killing of thousands of innocent women and children. He has broken every international law and every rule of and undefended cities, sunk Red Cross ships on errands of mercy; he has destroyed cathedrals and priceless treasures of art that can never be replaced; he has made slaves of his prisoners; he has made slaves of his prisoners; of Knox County. No. 16,050.

he has tried to get us into war with In this cause, it appearing from Japan; his emmissaries have blown up the bill filed, which is sworn to, that our ships, burned our factories and or honor. The most charitable view

cle Dan, with great emphasis, "Our liberty, the safety of our homes and our country, and the security of the world demand the speedy and absolute overthrow of the kaiser and crushing out once and forever the reign of Prussian brutality." Knoxville Independent for four con-

"How about the German people,"

The Dan replied : - "The splendid-Garran people were happy, thrifty, W. F. MILLER, So prosperous and contented. They have been tricked into war and made to suffer the tortures of the damned; they have been cruelly and systematically deceived. God grant that the real facts may get to them, and if they do, Lord help the kaiser!"

"Of course the allies will win," said

"Probably so," said Uncle Dan. "But if we are to win, we must go the limit. We must check the awful destruction to shipping by the German submarines, or we may not be able to get food and thousands, and perhaps millions, of first-class soldiers in the battle line.

of the farm in the war plans of our country."

Mrs. Graham interrupted by saying: "In view of the importance of farming. don't you think, Daniel, that the farmers ought to be exempted from war

service?" "No, a thousand times no," said Uncle Dan, striking the table so hard to emphasize his protest that he tipped over a vase of flowers. "We must have no class legislation. The duty to serve is the common duty of all, and no class must be relieved of this obligation. The question of exemption must be a personal one and decided by the facts surrounding each case. In no other way can we have a square deal, and to insure this, it is the duty of congress to pass immediately the Chamberlain bill, or some such measure, which is fair to all classes. It would settle all these questions and do it fairly. Safety now and safety hereafter demands such legislation, and let me suggest that you and your friends get busy with your congressman and senators and urge them to prompt action.

"It is time for us to realize that we are not living in a fools' paradise; that this great country of ours cost oceans of blood and treasure and it is only due to the loyalty, sacrifice and service of our forefathers that we have a country, and it is our highest duty to preserve it unimpaired and pass it on to posterity, no matter what the cost may be. Our citizenship and their ancestors came from all parts of the world to make this country a home and enjoy its blessings and opportunities; hence, in the crisis before us, it is the duty of everyone to stand squarely back of our country and be prepared to defend the flag. Everyone in this crisis is either pro-American or pro-German. Great as the country is, there is not room enough for two flags."

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FUTURE NEEDS

People do not rely on stray leftover sums to set their tables, Food comes first. But a bank account should be regarded next in importance to the three meals of today-because a bank account represents the three meals of tomorrow.

Make provision for your bank account just as you do for food and clothing by sav ing a small amount every pay day in a savaccount and then you are absolutely sure of your future needs.

Open Saturday nights 6 to 8. We Pay 4% On Savings Accounts.

THE HOLSTON NATIONAL BANK

GAY STREET AND CLINCH AVE.

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SISTEM U. S GOVERNMENT PROTECTION

TO MINNIE MARIE PEARSALL S. H. Pearsall vs. Minnie Marie Pearsal

Court of Knox county No. 16199 In this cause, it appearing from the bill-filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant Mannie Marie Pearsall is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that ordinary process cannot be served up on her it is ordered that said defind men. Just think of it! Airplanes, ant appear before the Chancery submarines, armored tanks, or cater- Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or pillars, poison gases, and curtains of before the first Monday of Nov next, and make defense to said bill or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parts as to ner. This notice will be pub lished in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.

J. C. FORD, C. & M. C. Raleigh Harrison, Sol. Sept 14 21 28 Oct. 5 1918

warfare; he has bombarded hospitals To Mrs. Mary Magaret Lynch Laura son and John Nevin Kennedy

John P. Murphy, Exec. et al., vs. Mary Agnes Murphy et al. State of Tennessee, in Chancery Court

the defendants Mrs. Mars Margare fired our forests. He knows no mercy Lynch Lau ason and John Nevin or honor. The most charitable view to take of this blood-thirsty tyrant is that he is crazy.

On honor. The most charitable view to annually are non-residents of the being imposed rarely. It adds that the act after ten years has the support ordinary process of law cannot be of Canadian public opinion, but finds "One thing is certain," continued Un- served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them This notice will be published in the

> secutive weeks.
> This 7th day of September 1918 J. C. Ford, Clerk and Master. Sept. 7-14-21-28, 191

NON-RESIDENT ATTACHMENT NOTICE

TO JOHN T, FITZGERALD Katherine Fitzgerald vs. Deaver Ken

ne y Company et al-State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County. No 16110 In this cause, it apearing from the original bill filed which is sworn to that

the defendant John T. Fitzgerald is just ly indebted to complainant and is a nor supplies to our own men and to our al. resident of the State of Tennessee, lies; we must also put hundreds of so that the ordiary process of law attachment having been issued and levied on the defendants' property, it "Food is the first consideration," Un- is ordered that said defendant appear cle Dan continued. "No army can hold before the Chancery Court, at Knoxout against hunger. It has been said ville, Tennesse, on or before the that food will win the war, and this is first Monday of Oct next and make largely true. Hence the importance defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. Th's notice will be published in the KNOXVILLE INDEPEN four consecutive week

This 4th day of Septemebr 1955 J. C. FORD, C. & M Green & Webb Solr's Sept. 7-14-21-28, 1918

Lebanon.-William D. Young, John A. Hyden, Will W. Colvert and Corley Jennings, students of Cumber land that versity, have gone to Fort Sheridan, Ill., where they will receive two months' intensive military training under the direction of the United States government for the purpose of fitting the men to assist the government officer in training college men during the coming college year.

Knoxville. All industries in Tennessee, except those essential to war, must cease operation during the win ter, owing to the scarcity of coa, according to W. E. Myer, United States fuel administrator for Tennessee, who was here to confer with fuel officials and to assist in plans for the introduction of the skip-stop system on the street railway.

The coal situation grows more serious daily," said Mr. Myer, 'and in supplying coal first thought must be given to the industries essential to the errying on of the war and to the homes. All industries which are nonessential to the carrying on of the war n ist cease operation, for it will be impossible to supply them with coal.

Columbia.-Information was receive ed here that James C. Wooten was killed in action on Aug. 1. The information was given in two letters, one from a companion of the fallen here is his father and another from William Fry, who is an army field clerk if France, to his father, Judge John W

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SAY LAW HAS WORKED WELL

Industrial Conference Report Makes Favorable Report on Obnadian Industrial Disputes Act.

The Canadian industrial disputes investigation act has been a wholesome restraint both on employers and employees through a period of industrial unrest, the national industrial conference board finds in a report of ten years operation of the Canadian law, made public at Boston. The concluslop of the board was reached, the report says, notwithstanding that statisties show 222 disputes, involving more

than 4.800,000 work days lost. It is pointed out that the act is not one for compulsory arbitration, but instead for compulsory investigation, and then only affecting transportation companies and other public utilities and mines, although it may be invoked in other industries upon application by both sides. Since the war industries providing war materials have been brought under the compulsory features by special legislation.

The report says that the success of the measure depends principally upon public opinion, the penalties providof Canadian public opinion, but finds that its operation has falled to inspire the complete confidence of workers, though it believes that the theory that failure to impose penalties is the principal weakness, is not borne out. One of the conclusions reached is that Investigations have been most successful when most informally conducted, and that harodaction of legal machinery is almost cortain to destroy their usefulness.

FORMING NEW RAILROAD BODY

Employees Not Eligible to the Four Brotherhoods Are to Have Organization of Their Own.

employees, including shopmen, towermen, yardmen and others whose classes of employment are not included in the four brotherhoods and to whom, until the control of railroads was taken over by the government permission to organize was refused, are now organizing rapidly under the protection of Director General McAdoo.

This was announced by William G. Lec, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. He denied that it was a movement to block any other movement on the part of railroad officials who, he said, have been stripped of their authority and have no voice in the matter.

The four brotherhoods have absolutely nothing to do with the movement," he continued. There are six erganizations of railroad employees in existence, which are distinct from the four brotherhoods and are affiliated with the American Federation of La-

"We heartily favor the plan and will help it in any way possible, but the four brotherhoods are organized practically to their full quotas."

Timothy Shea, acting president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, said he knew nothing of a movement to organize railroad employees other than those affiliated with the four brother-

CARPENTERS APPROVE NEW WAR LABOR BOARD

President Wilson was congratulated by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of American on his success in the formation of a national war labor board to handle industrial questions during the war in a telegram sent by the organization's executive board. "All of our international officers pledge you and that board their hearty co-operation and assistance," the message said. The board also offered the services of its entire 308,000 members to the government in winning the war.

***************** Dyersburg.-The local board was called upon for 45 white selectmen to entrain for Camp Wadsworth Sept. 3, 61 negro selectmen for Camp Sherman Sept. 1, eight limited service men for Camp Wheeler, Sept. 6; seven special service men to University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and two limited serv-Ice men to Camp Greene. The local board registered 33 men Aug. 24. Subscribe for the Knoyville Independent

den. Us Your Job Printing.